

DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.'S Six Principles & Six Steps of Non- violence

*“At the center of non-
violence stands the
principle of
love.”*

- Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.



PRINCIPLE #1

Non-violence is a way of life for courageous people.

- It is active nonviolent resistance to evil.
- It is assertive spiritually, mentally, and emotionally.
- It is always persuading the opponent of the justice of your cause.



PRINCIPLE #2

Non-violence seeks to win friendship and understanding.

- The end result of Non-violence is redemption and reconciliation.
- The purpose of Non-violence is the creation of the Beloved Community.



PRINCIPLE #3

Non-violence seeks to defeat injustice, not people.

- Non-violence holds that evildoers are also victims.



PRINCIPLE #4

Non-violence holds that voluntary suffering can educate and transform.

- Non-violence willingly accepts the consequences of its acts.
- Non-violence accepts suffering without retaliation.



PRINCIPLE #4

(Continues)

Non-violence holds that voluntary suffering can educate and transform.

- Non-violence accepts violence if necessary, but will never inflict it.
- Unearned suffering is redemptive and has tremendous educational and transforming possibilities.



PRINCIPLE #4

(Continues)

Non-violence holds that voluntary suffering can educate and transform.

- Suffering can have the power to convert the enemy when reason fails.



PRINCIPLE #5

Non-violence chooses love instead of hate.

- Non-violence resists violence of the spirit as well as of the body.
- Non-violent love gives willingly, knowing that the return might be hostility.
- Non-violent love is active, not passive.



PRINCIPLE #5

(Continues)

Non-violence chooses love instead of hate.

- Non-violent love does not sink to the level of the hater.
- Love for the enemy is how we demonstrate love for ourselves.



PRINCIPLE #6

Non-violence believes that the universe is on the side of justice.

- The non-violent resister has deep faith that justice will eventually win.



FAITH

is taking the

FIRST STEP

even when you

DON'T SEE

the whole staircase.

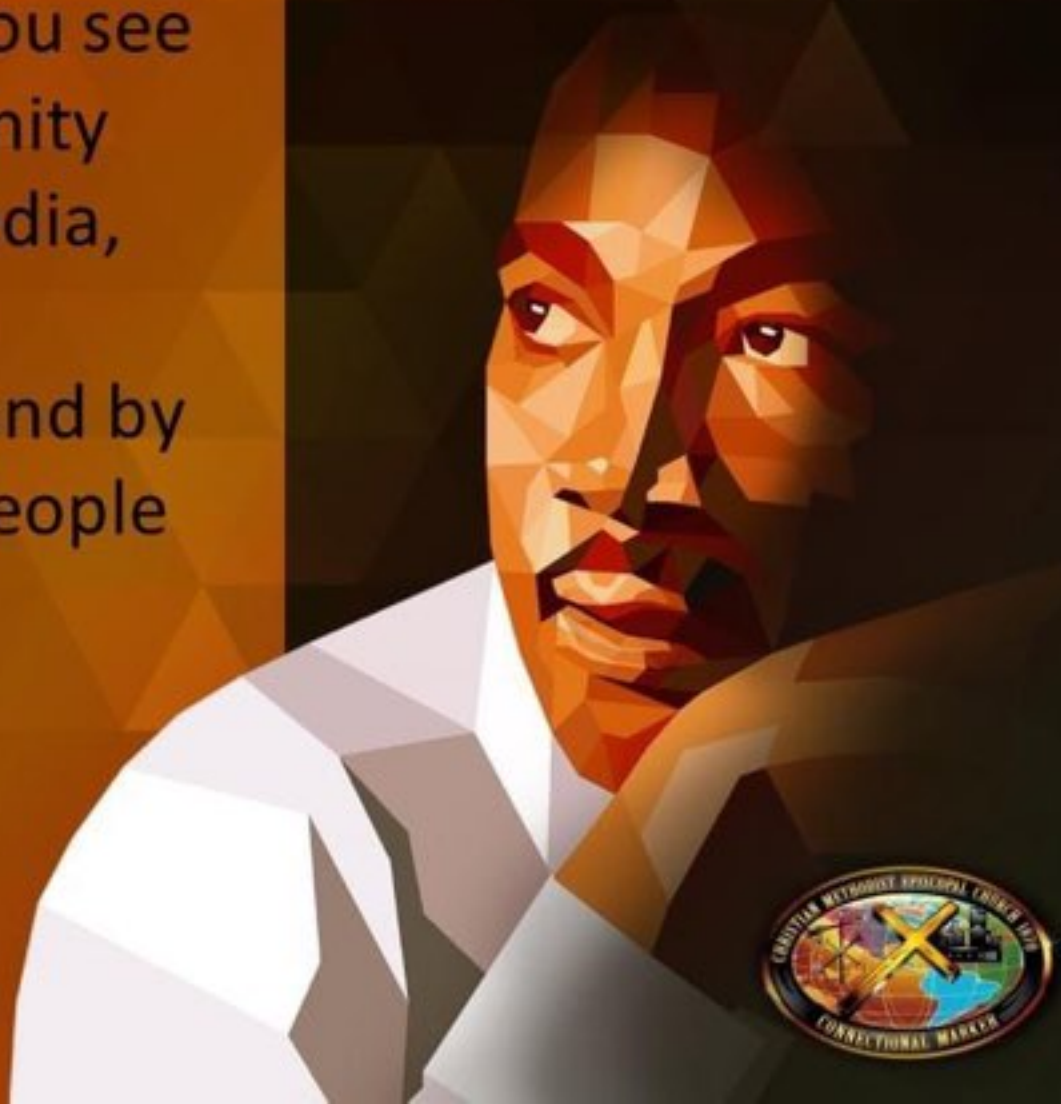
-Martin Luther King Jr.



Gather information

Learn all you can about the problems you see in your community through the media, social and civic organizations, and by talking to the people involved.

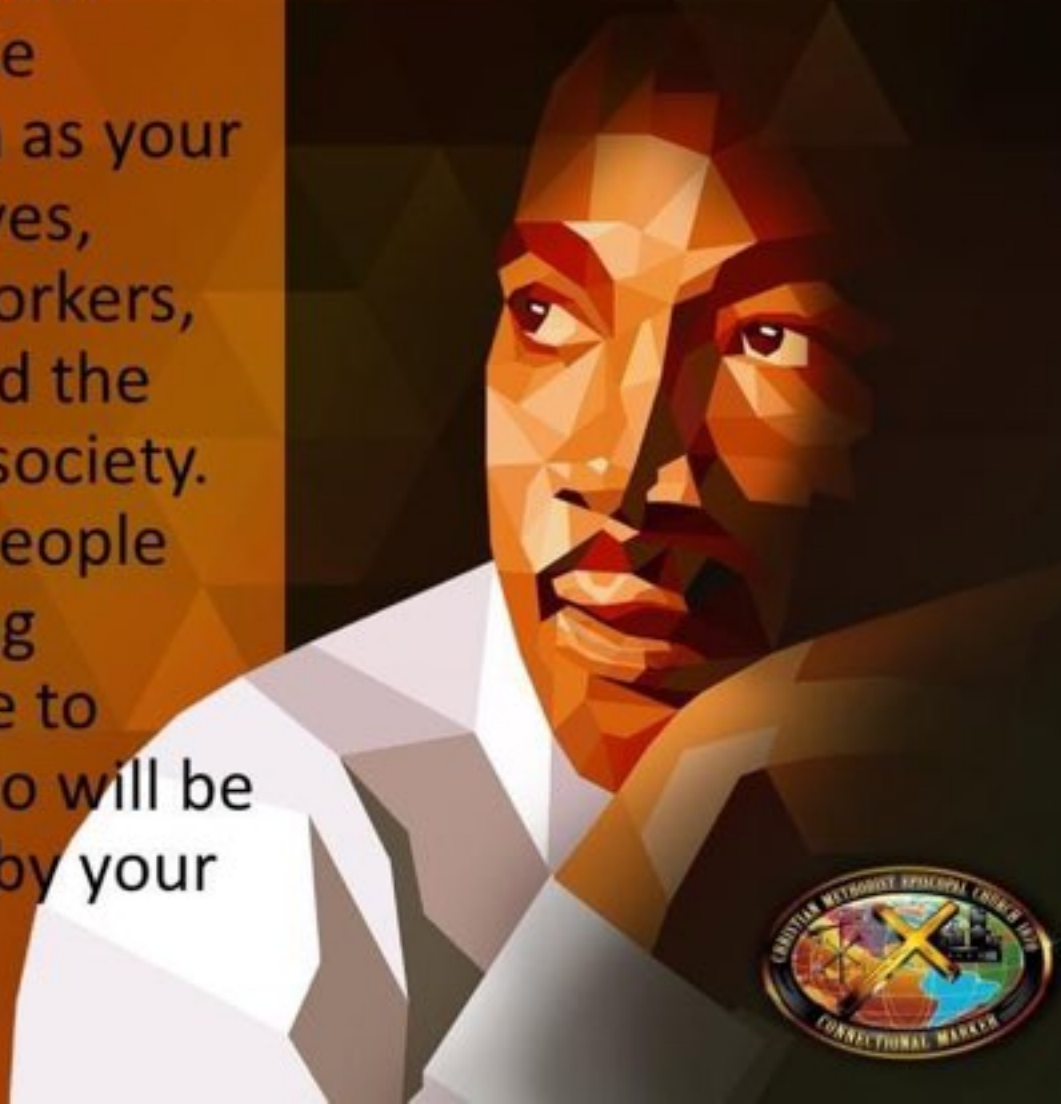
Step 1



Educate Others

Armed with your new knowledge, it is your duty to help those around you, such as your neighbors, relatives, friends and co-workers, better understand the problems facing society. Build a team of people devoted to finding solutions. Be sure to include those who will be directly affected by your work.

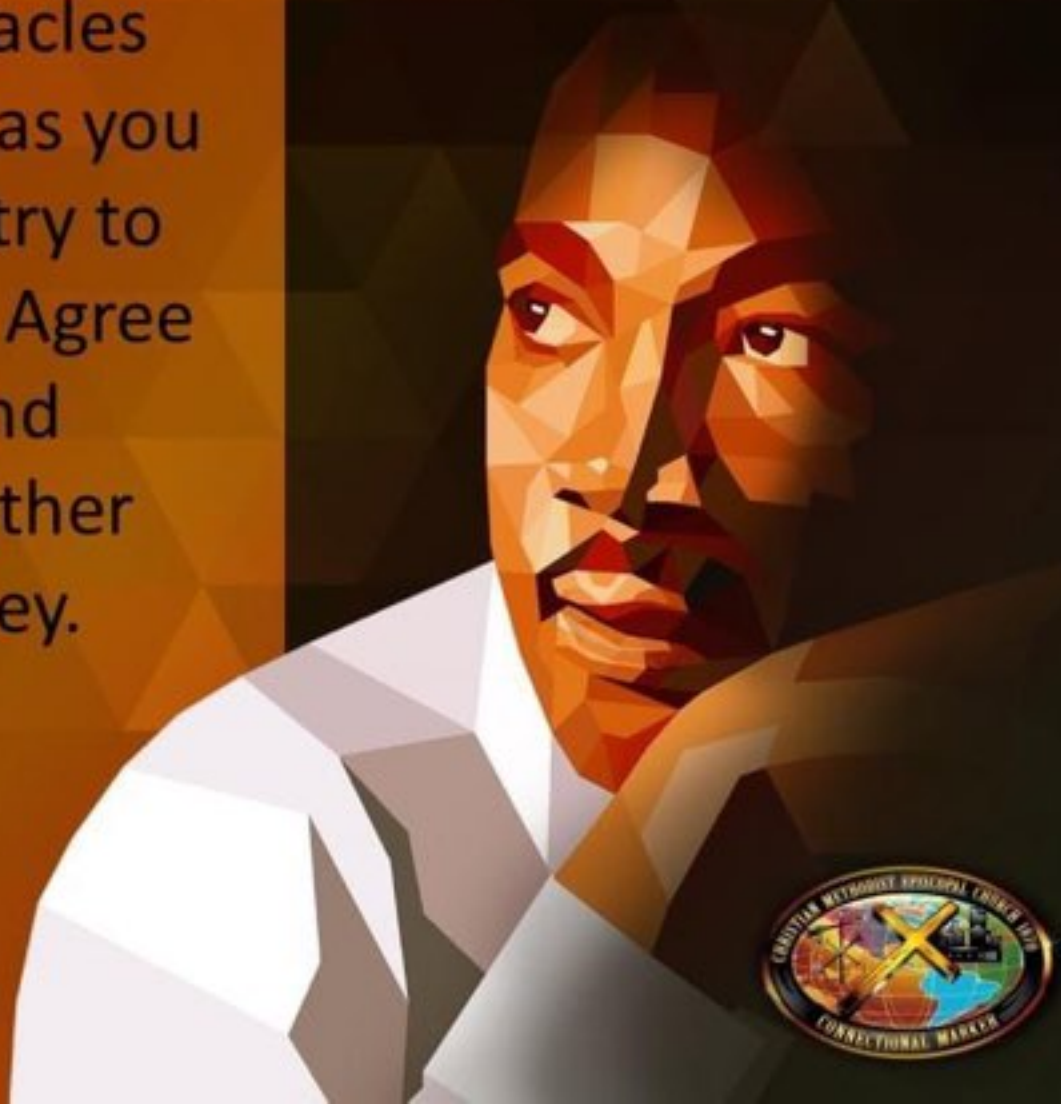
Step 2



Remain Committed

Accept that you will face many obstacles and challenges as you and your team try to change society. Agree to encourage and inspire one another along the journey.

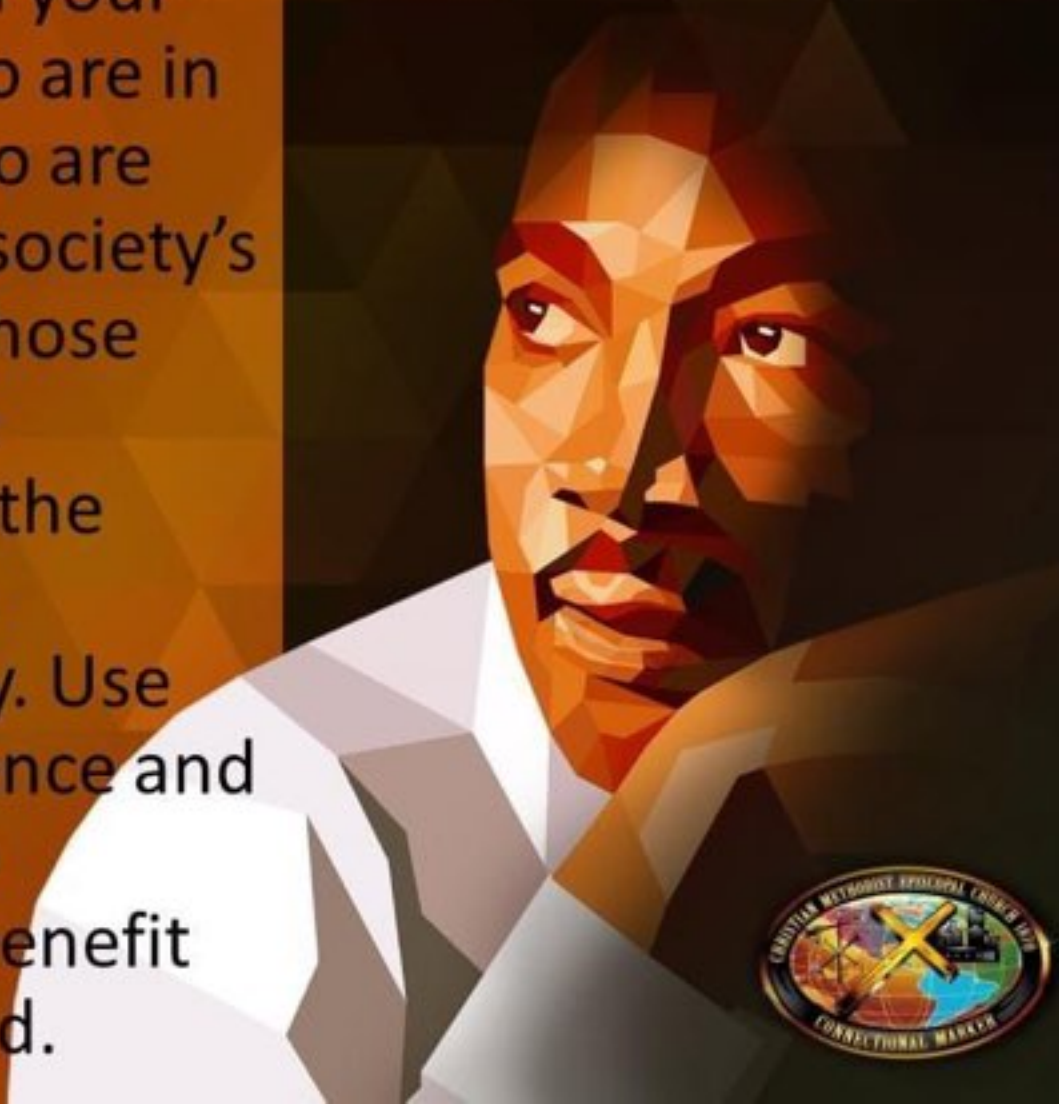
Step 3



Peacefully Negotiate

Talk with both sides. Go to the people in your community who are in trouble and who are deeply hurt by society's ills. Also go to those people who are contributing to the breakdown of a peaceful society. Use humor, intelligence and grace to lead to solutions that benefit the greater good.

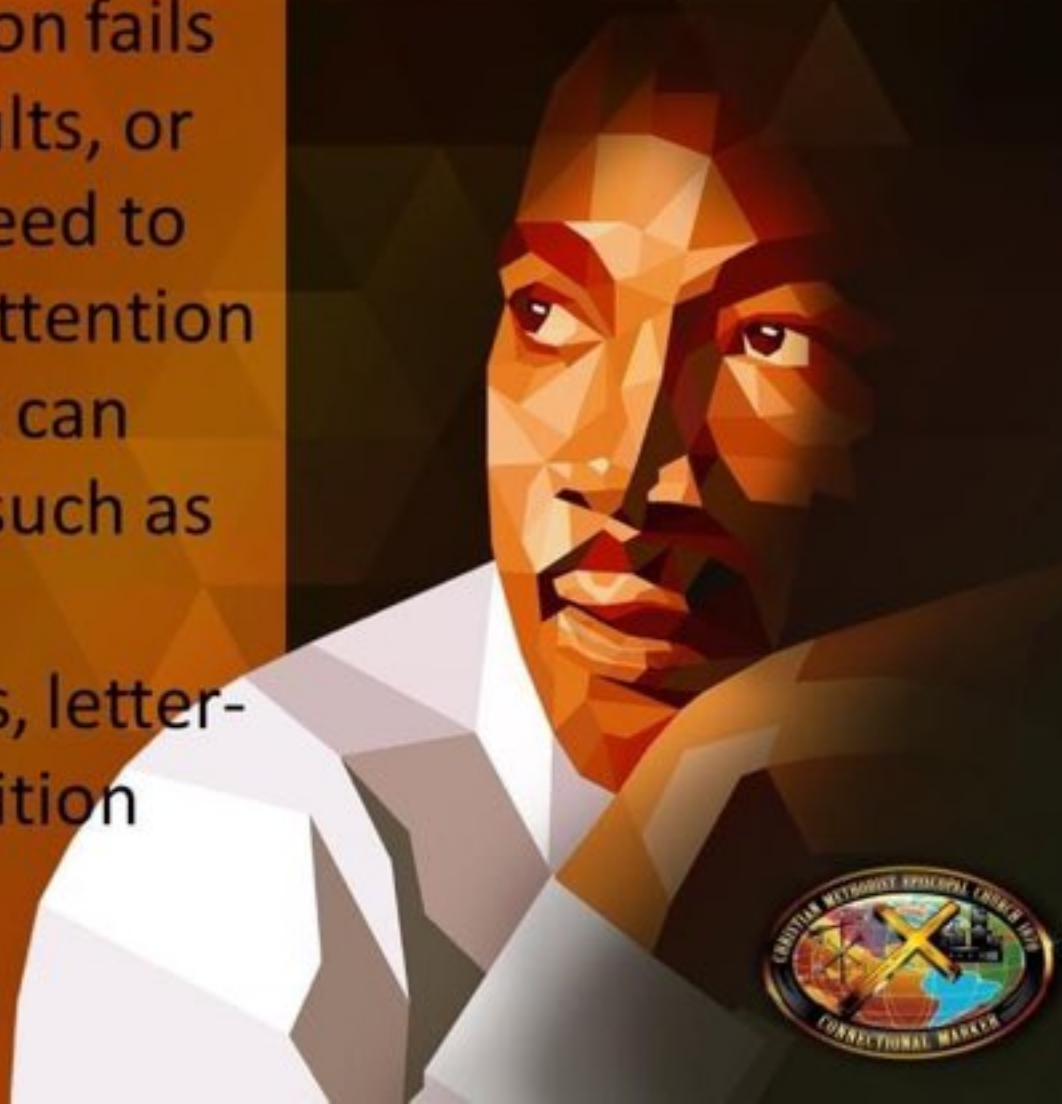
Step 4



Step 5

Take Action Peacefully

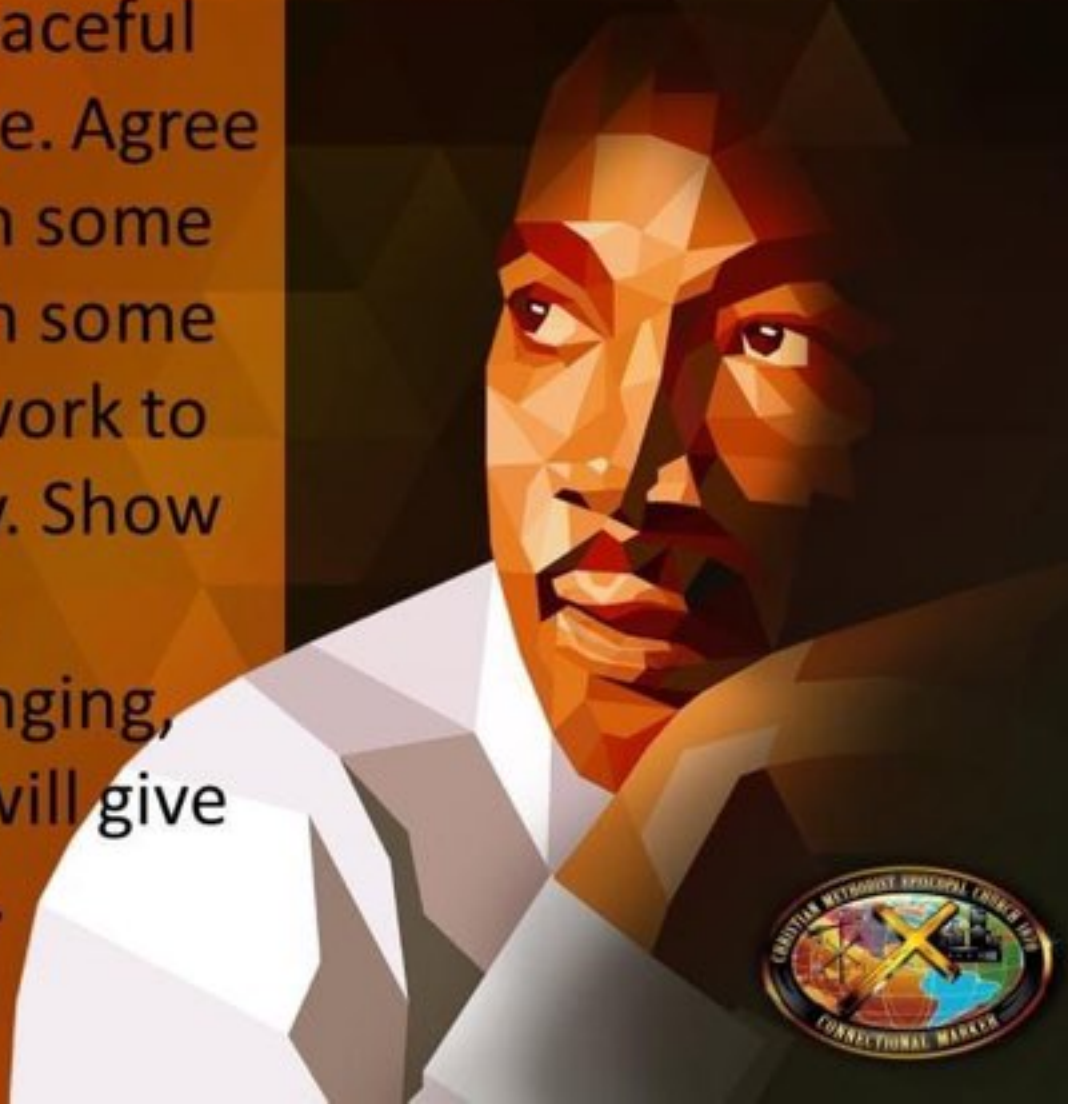
This step is often used when negotiation fails to produce results, or when people need to draw broader attention to a problem. It can include tactics such as peaceful demonstrations, letter-writing and petition campaign.



Reconcile

Keep all actions and negotiations peaceful and constructive. Agree to disagree with some people and with some groups as you work to improve society. Show all involved the benefits of changing, not what they will give up by changing.

Step 6



This presentation was created at
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Credits:

<https://cpt.org//files/PW%20-%20Principles%20-%20King.pdf>

